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**Título:** Regular Subgroups Of Primitive Permutation Groups

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**Sinopsis**

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The authors address the classical problem of determining finite primitive permutation groups  $G$  with a regular subgroup  $B$ . The main theorem solves the problem completely under the assumption that  $G$  is almost simple. While there are many examples of regular subgroups of small degrees, the list is rather short (just four infinite families) if the degree is assumed to be large enough, for example at least  $30!$ . Another result determines all primitive groups having a regular subgroup which is almost simple. This has an application to the theory of Cayley graphs of simple groups.

Table of Contents

Introduction

Preliminaries

Transitive and antitransitive linear groups

Subgroups of classical groups transitive on subspaces

Proof of Theorem 1.1: Linear groups

Proof of Theorem 1.1: Unitary groups

Proof of Theorem 1.1: Orthogonal groups in odd dimension

Proof of Theorem 1.1: Orthogonal groups of minus type

Proof of Theorem 1.1: Some special actions of symplectic and orthogonal groups

Proof of Theorem 1.1: Remaining symplectic cases

Proof of Theorem 1.1: Orthogonal groups of plus type

Proof of Theorem 1.1: Exceptional groups of Lie type

Proof of Theorem 1.1: Alternating groups

Proof of Theorem 1.1: Sporadic groups

Proof of Theorem 1.4 and Corollary 1.3

The tables in Theorem 1.1

References